

\$69,650 SURPLUS TELLS ITS STORY

Continued from page two.

and we are receiving the revenue from the sales. Last year we received between \$100,000 and \$120,000 in dollars from the sale of revenue bonds. (Loud applause.) Our revenues of course keep on increasing in future years.

"I have stated under the British North America Act of 1867 that we are receiving substantial income from the Crown. I think now, Mr. Speaker, that you will agree with me that the time has come for us to have sufficient increases. (Loud applause.) "Now, Mr. Speaker, you will expect that I will read to you the statement of the House my statement of the receipts and expenditures for the province during the year 1897.

Recapitulation of Receipts and Expenditures for 1897.

Revenue—

Balance Dec. 31st, 1896 \$ 556,125.81

Interest on the public moneys of Canada 1,053,708.34

Received from the Treasury 196,668.36

Received from the Provincial Secretary Department 30,619.95

Received from the General's Department 272,955.65

Received from the Public Works Department

Received from the Agricultural Ordinances 8,641.38

Received from the Parks Commissioners 178,919.99

Received from Education 1,154.00

Received from Clerk of Legislative Assembly

Received from the Government Printer

Received from refunds 2,910.40

Received from the Royal Education Fund 16,245.38

Received from the Provincial Education Tax 25,799.67

Received from Public Buildings Trust Account 100,330.29

Received from School Lands 61,929.29

Total \$230,025.34

Expenditure—

Civil government 147,855.52

Legislation 34,535.14

Administration of Justice 200,547.41

Public Works 1,271,457.49

Education 339,097.31

Agriculture and statistics 314,946.22

Hospitals, charities and public health 38,187.47

Miscellaneous 94,467.95

Remittances 3,014.04

Warrants (Right Horse Bands) 3,000.00

Surplus Dec. 31st, 1897 556,650.34

Total 556,650.34

Less a deduction on hand in October 1897, amounting to \$69,650.36

"We had expanded during the year 1897 on the telephone the sum of \$362,262.79. If this expenditure had not been made out of general revenue we would have had a balance of \$335,912.84 (Loud applause.)

"We had in addition to this several amounts received from our trust funds, under—

Liquidation trust fund 8,560.43

Special trust fund 888.33

Insurance trust fund 5,167.63

License trust fund 1,194.63

General trust fund 1,342.31

Registrar's—assurance trust fund 54,473.14

Total 556,650.34

Various Sources of Revenue

"I will take a few before that last number the amount received from various resources from which we received a revenue other than what we received from the general government. I might state that in most every instance 80% of revenues from these sources are highly concentrated in my budget speech last year, showing that the province has been progressing in this direction. I might add, too, Mr. Speaker, that I do not look for any diminution of the revenue from these sources in the future.

We are entering upon a year in which I think we will have a large amount of such revenue. I will now state the situation from the point of view of the pessimist, but from the point of view of an optimist. (Loud applause.)

"We received from the treasury department a statement of \$166,000.00 being—

Bank insurance fees \$ 22,241.37

Loan fees 1,352.56

Trust companies 500.00

Banks 13,600.00

Land companies 2,200.00

Life insurance companies 8,316.90

Fire insurance companies 5,987.96

Accident companies 29.00

Dominion Express Co. 500.00

Bell Telephone Co. 732.10

C. N. Telegraph Co. 214.10

Montreal Telegraph Co. 647.50

Canadian Pacific Ry. tax 121,460.00

Interest 22,674.00

Total \$166,000.00

Prov. Secretary's Dept.—

Licence fees \$ 760.00

Pedlars fees 3,138.00

Alms fees 1,000.00

Certificates under Provincial Incorporation fees 121.00

Incorporation fees 10,000.00

Under Foreign Companies Ordinance—

Licence fees 12,915.00

Registration fees 1,377.50

Registration fees under Chap. 22, '97 7.00

Registration fees under Chap. 22, '97 3.00

Automobile license fees 169.00

Total \$30,619.20

Dept. of Attorney General—

General public offices 4,000.00

Commissions for oaths 45.00

Succession duties 1,000.00

Court costs under L. 10 200.00

Execution fees 200.00

Registration fees 131,256.20

Fines under Dominion Statutes

Banking and ordinances

Hotel license fees 10,051.76

Wholesale liquor license fees 10,050.00

Dining car license fees 10,112.81

Contract travellers license fees 200.00

Permit under Liquid Licenses

Brewers and distillers' fees 3,070.00

Banking and Ordinances

Permitted protest fees 490.00

Court fees 47,497.07

Department of Public Works—

Engineering fees 2,449.00

Steam boiler inspection fees 3,561.00

Land of road allowances 677.00

Telephone fees 4,386.24

Other sources 1,371.46

Department of Agriculture—

Sale of butter 1,075,000.74

Game licenses 3,495.60

Registration of stallions 1,139.00

Other sources 1,700.13

Total \$187,061.37

Department of Justice—

Examination fees 1,154.00

Government Printer fees 2,250.00

Private bill fees 1,436.46

Official Gazette subscription fees 1,000.00

Official Gazette advertising fees 2,919.40

"I shall give a general 2,919.40

amount of the expenditure of the

Department of the

Examiner of titles 1,000.00

Attorney general's department 1,000.00

Postmaster general's department 1,000.00

Education department 1,000.00

Agriculture department 1,000.00

Total \$147,955.53

Legislation—

Mr. Speaker's sessional allowances 1,260.00

Mr. Deputy Speaker 1,264.00

Speaker's expenses 1,264.00

Clerk 600.00

Library 2,327.42

Miscellaneous 1,000.00

Total \$32,532.14

Administration of Justice—

Examiner of titles 1,000.00

Procureur of witness fees 1,176.57

Land title offices 44,223.42

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 46,462.14

Maintenance in asylums 10,141.00

Levies 21,165.53

Total \$205,847.16

Public Works Department—

Building and departments 46,593.12

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

Building and departments 1,000.00

Inspection of public works 1,000.00

Official standard water 1,000.00

Official witness fees 1,000.00

Land title offices 1,000.00

Maintenance of provincial prisons and insane 1,000.00

Levies 1,000.00

\$69,650 SURPLUS TELLS ITS STORY

Continued from page three.

ministering the Local Improvement Act, the Village Act, and that part of the School Ordinance relating to the collection of arrears of school taxes in rural school districts, also administered the collection of the Educational Tax Act relating to the assessment and collection of educational taxes. In addition, the work we now come in contact with the majority of the ratepayers in the province, either directly or indirectly, and as an consequence our business and the purchase of lands in settlement and purchase of lands is keeping pace with the growth of the province. I am glad that through this branch has been greatly increased during the year. This increase in business is due in part in connection with the large amount of subdivisions and the large number of subdivisions which were established at the beginning of 1967, yet our total assessment for the year 1967 was \$416,400, and our total arrears for the year 1966 was \$145,844.00 for the year 1966. In the annual report for the year 1966 it was pointed out that our arrears were increasing and much more difficult on account of the fact that lands are continually changing hands and are not being registered. This difficulty was also experienced during 1967, and has been overcome by the changes we have made in the collection of taxes. The total amount of taxes collected in the local improvement districts in the year 1967 amounted to \$61,744.00. In addition to this there was also the sum of \$1,642.00 collected for tax arrears which were collected by us which were placed to the credit of the large local improvement district funds.

Small Local Improvement Districts

During the year 1967 eighteen new districts were organized, making a total of 163 districts in existence at the end of the year.

Villages. During the year 1967 nine villages were established and four villages, Daysland, Magnath, Nanton and Taber were raised to the status of towns.

Years of School Tax.

In Interest of Farmers.

There were forty-five creameries and cheese factories in operation in the province, and these were all operated by the government, which were operated by the government and the rest private. The total output was \$10,000,000.00, the total value of \$350,000.00. The cheese output was 185,000 pounds yielding \$97,000.00. Nine new creameries were started and four new cheese factories were started and new cheese factories were started.

In addition to this travelling dairies were sent throughout the province to disseminate new and improved methods of butter making, and these were highly appreciated by the farmers of the province. Notwithstanding the slight lack of market, the output of every product of great improvement being made in the dairy industry of this province.

The campaign has also been carried on by the department of agriculture in connection with the distribution of seed.

There were several outbreaks of contagious diseases among the swine which were attributed to the fault of the Health Department of the Department of Agriculture.

During the year 1967, Mr. Speaker, that in the early part of last year stock judging schools were conducted in the various districts of the province which created a great interest and were attended by a large number of people, a noted expert from the United States, was brought to the province to give a series of lectures on the matter of dry farming. It is expected that his services will be secured again.

Quite a number of new exhibition associations were established during the year 1967, and the number of entries were increased considerably over the previous year.

The Department of Agriculture is quite interesting and valuable, and it is hoped good results may come of it.

Excellent Progress in Edmonton.

There is left one department with regard to which I have as yet said nothing, namely, the Education De-

partment. When in Columbus, Ohio I was told, in 1966, that the people around the Ohio State University were in commemoration of the sons of Ohio who had attained fame in the field of education, and that they noticed it was erected to the memory of Harrison. He replied, "I am not Harrison, but I am a good teacher." I have observed this kind of work in this province of mine, and I am sure the people of the state of Ohio were right in their words, "These are our jewels." I felt that we, too, are not sons and should be just as good as the people of Ohio. However, we have not been able to do this, but our people, the girls and the boys, and young men and young women are our jewels. (Laughter) I am sure that the members of this legislature, one and all, are pleased to have this one, and we are doing our best to do this. We do not propose to lessen to any extent the other areas of education we give to the people in this province.

Statistics Pre-School.

Number of School Districts. In existence December 31, 1966, as per departmental report. Erected during 1967.

Total School Districts and School Grants. No. of ungraded schools in operation. No. of departments in operation. No. of graded schools.

No. of ungraded departments open during whole year.

No. of ungraded departments open during part of year.

No. of departments in graded schools open during whole year.

No. of departments in graded schools open during part of year.

Grants. Total grant, 1966. Total grant, 1967. Total grants, term, 1967.

Totals. \$1,180,540 \$1,531,530 Examinations. Written Successful Candidates in all Standards. S.N.T. in all Standards. Candidates in all Standards. Alberta, 1966. Alberta, 1967. Candidates in all Standards. Alberta, 1967.

Grant, term, 1966-1967.

No. of Candidates in Standard V. 113-113

No. of Candidates in Standard VI. 33-33

No. of Candidates in Standard VII. 1-1

Total. 772-331-359-355

At present there are about 1,000 inspectors in the Province but trying to the rapid increase in the number of schools appointed.

Schools for Gypsies.

The Hon. members will no doubt recall that two years ago I intimated to the government that we should have arranged for a supervisor or organizer for schools among the Rutherfords or Gypsies in the Province. I am sure they will no doubt be delighted to learn that among these people forty-eight schools have been established.

The conclusion of the Premier's speech will be published to-morrow. It deals with the various problems of the participants of public work and education, together with miscellaneous grants, as well as supplementary items for the telephone system.

GREAT TRAFFIC IN DETROIT.

And Son Rivers is the Largest in World.

Detroit, Feb. 25.—The Detroit river is the greatest inland thoroughfare in the world. Statistics gathered by the government in 1967 show that during the year 1966 there were 10,000 ships with a tonnage of 48,258,328, as compared with 24,077 vessels of 47,627,666 tons in 1965.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The tonnage of the foreign trade of the river amounted to 16,700,000 tons in 1967, through the Detroit river, compared with 16,692,504 tons in 1966, with a tonnage of 67,622,135 net tons for 1966.

The ton

SPORTING NEWS

IN NORTHERN WESTERN LEAGUE.

The critics in Northwestern baseball league pick the Abes from rump home, having their judgment on the players drafted by the Boston and the Canadian league. The list of players is as follows:

Seattle: Pitchers—Paddy Welch, Harry Bush, Hobley, Metcalfe, Pinkney, Allen, Crump.

Calgary: Matt Stanley, Aspin, Fenton, Pratt.

First base—Samuel (shouldful) Quigley.

Third base—Ed. Rice.

Shortstop—Duffy, Bravato.

Outfielders—Cahill, Whitefield, Hammond, Cox, Ship.

Aspinwall: Pitcher—Con Stanwell, Jack W. Hickey, Dede, Brinker, Calif. Negro, testing for a big leaguer. Tomson and Hargrathman missing from last year's team.

Catchers—Dick Beettiger, F. J. Spen-

cer, Fred Lester.

First base—J. J. Strehl.

Second base—And. Anderson, Moore.

Third base—Franklin, Moore.

Shortstop—Samuel, Campbell.

Outfielders—Eddie Householder, Gene Marion, Dede Brinker, "Deson" Van.

Tacoma: Pitchers—H. Butler, E. M. Franklin, Eugene, A. G. Ginn.

Calgary: Pitchers—H. Butler, E. M. Franklin, Eugene, A. G. Ginn.

It is understood that Dene cut off 275 from his contract on the condition that he do all the catching.

First base—Hugh Kelkay.

Second base—H. Klopf.

Third base—Al Resino.

Outfielders—Mike Lynch, Martine, O'Gorman, and O'Gorman.

Butte: Pitchers—"Soldier" Thomas, Samuels, Roosevelt, Kruse, Garvin, possibly, and others.

Catchers—J. Myers, Joe Wilkins, Ralph Kruze.

First base—J. W. Bire.

Second base—Adams, Paterson.

Third base—Cartwright.

Shortstop—Duffy.

Outfielders—Deson, Irby, Hewitt, Chittenden, Knorr, C. D. Winchell, Hall, Grover, Boyle, William Bell, Doyle.

Catchers—Bill Douglass, McCarley.

First base—Bill Harley (doubtful), Leo Nordyke.

Second base—Duffy.

Third base—Stevens.

Shortstop—Duffy, Gray.

Outfielders—Ham Hyatt, Clynes, Crull, McDonald, and others.

Speaks: Pitchers—Ervin Jensen, Kiley Wright, H. W. Claffin, Osborne, first.

Catchers—Swindells, Reicker, Ripley, Speaks.

First base—E. J. James.

Second base—Helen (doubtful).

Third base—Wates.

Shortstop—Doubtful.

Outfielders—Ham Hyatt, Clynes, Crull, McDonald, and others.

Jack DUNN FOR BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 25.—Jack Dunn has signed a contract to manage the Baltimore baseball club, of the Eastern League, this season. He will be here Sunday on his way to New York to attend the National and American League schedule meetings.

The club's management has also received the signed contracts of Dennett and Hamlin, who will figure in the outfit field department. Dennett, who has signed to play left-field, Centrefield, and back, will go to Montreal as manager of the Montreal club, while Hamlin, who has been returned to Oriole Park last season, is said to have come for more money than the Baltimore club.

Mike Lynch, who came to Baltimore three seasons ago, was sold by Manager George W. Young to the St. Louis Browns, and he is regarded very highly. Fred Candy, the captain of the Wimington club, will be the first base for the Jersey City team. Lynch came here from Cambridge, Mass.

AMERICAN LEAVE NO. 27.

New York, Feb. 25.—Matthew P. Hall, manager of the American team that is to play in the National League this season, announced that the team will be signed to play left-field, Centrefield, and back. Lynch will go to Montreal as manager of the Montreal club, while Hamlin, who has been returned to Oriole Park last season, is said to have come for more money than the Baltimore club.

The team went that Orey Pettigrew, who is now located at Stratford, and he is in charge of these negotiations. Mr. Orey said that the only truth of Lynch's return to the club is that he had nothing in view, but that he had heard nothing of any such offer from the Montreal club.

He noted that he had heard nothing of any such offer from the Montreal club, and he is regarded very highly. Fred Candy, the captain of the Wimington club, will be the first base for the Jersey City team. Lynch came here from Cambridge, Mass.

SPORTING JUDGE A COACH.

New York, Feb. 25.—Attorney and former player Irvin R. Baxter, who has been a member of the New York and track team of the Hamilton college, for the coming season, and is also a member of the Canadian and American English, Canadian and World's championships, including the American.

He made a record of 6 feet three and a half inches in competition and neither has this been equaled since he was defeated on July 13th. Accommodations for 25 men have been reserved on the Philadelphia.

WORLD CHAMPION SCULLER.

Wanganui, New Zealand, Feb. 25.—W. H. Webb, the world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

BUFFALO'S OPINION OF LONGBOAT

CURLING AGAIN.

The Buffalo Express uses good arguments in giving the opinion that Tom Longboat is a good amateur: "Another great horse has been raised here in a relay, at a meet where the horses tried to outdo each other in the Canadian league. The list of players is as follows:

Seattle: Pitchers—Paddy Welch, Harry Bush, Hobley, Metcalfe, Pinkney, Allen, Crump.

Calgary: Matt Stanley, Aspin, Fenton, Pratt, First base—Samuel (shouldful) Quigley.

Third base—Ed. Rice.

Shortstop—Duffy, Bravato.

Outfielders—Cahill, Whitefield, Hammond, Cox, Ship.

Aspinwall: Pitcher—Con Stanwell, Jack W. Hickey, Dede, Brinker, Calif. Negro, testing for a big leaguer. Tomson and Hargrathman missing from last year's team.

Catchers—Dick Beettiger, F. J. Spen-

cer, Fred Lester.

First base—J. J. Strehl.

Second base—And. Anderson, Moore.

Third base—Franklin, Moore.

Shortstop—Samuel, Campbell.

Outfielders—Eddie Householder, Gene Marion, Dede Brinker, "Deson" Van.

Tacoma: Pitchers—H. Butler, E. M. Franklin, Eugene, A. G. Ginn.

Calgary: Pitchers—H. Butler, E. M. Franklin, Eugene, A. G. Ginn.

It is understood that Dene cut off 275 from his contract on the condition that he do all the catching.

First base—Hugh Kelkay.

Second base—H. Klopf.

Third base—Al Resino.

Outfielders—Mike Lynch, Martine, O'Gorman, and O'Gorman.

Butte: Pitchers—"Soldier" Thomas, Samuels, Roosevelt, Kruse, Garvin, possibly, and others.

Catchers—J. Myers, Joe Wilkins, Ralph Kruze.

First base—J. W. Bire.

Second base—Adams, Paterson.

Third base—Cartwright.

Shortstop—Duffy.

Outfielders—Deson, Irby, Hewitt, Chittenden, Knorr, C. D. Winchell, Hall, Grover, Boyle, William Bell, Doyle.

Catchers—Bill Douglass, McCarley.

First base—Bill Harley (doubtful), Leo Nordyke.

Second base—Duffy.

Third base—Stevens.

Shortstop—Duffy, Gray.

Outfielders—Ham Hyatt, Clynes, Crull, McDonald, and others.

Jack DUNN FOR BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 25.—Jack Dunn has signed a contract to manage the Baltimore baseball club, of the Eastern League, this season. He will be here Sunday on his way to New York to attend the National and American League schedule meetings.

The club's management has also received the signed contracts of Dennett and Hamlin, who will figure in the outfit field department. Dennett, who has signed to play left-field, Centrefield, and back, will go to Montreal as manager of the Montreal club, while Hamlin, who has been returned to Oriole Park last season, is said to have come for more money than the Baltimore club.

Mike Lynch, who came to Baltimore three seasons ago, was sold by Manager George W. Young to the St. Louis Browns, and he is regarded very highly. Fred Candy, the captain of the Wimington club, will be the first base for the Jersey City team. Lynch came here from Cambridge, Mass.

AMERICAN LEAVE NO. 27.

New York, Feb. 25.—Matthew P. Hall, manager of the American team that is to play in the National League this season, announced that the team will be signed to play left-field, Centrefield, and back. Lynch will go to Montreal as manager of the Montreal club, while Hamlin, who has been returned to Oriole Park last season, is said to have come for more money than the Baltimore club.

The team went that Orey Pettigrew, who is now located at Stratford, and he is in charge of these negotiations. Mr. Orey said that the only truth of Lynch's return to the club is that he had nothing in view, but that he had heard nothing of any such offer from the Montreal club.

He noted that he had heard nothing of any such offer from the Montreal club, and he is regarded very highly. Fred Candy, the captain of the Wimington club, will be the first base for the Jersey City team. Lynch came here from Cambridge, Mass.

SPORTING JUDGE A COACH.

New York, Feb. 25.—Attorney and former player Irvin R. Baxter, who has been a member of the New York and track team of the Hamilton college, for the coming season, and is also a member of the Canadian and American English, Canadian and World's championships, including the American.

He made a record of 6 feet three and a half inches in competition and neither has this been equaled since he was defeated on July 13th. Accommodations for 25 men have been reserved on the Philadelphia.

WORLD CHAMPION SCULLER.

Wanganui, New Zealand, Feb. 25.—W. H. Webb, the world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

The world champion sculler, has retained the title to defeating R. T. Bessner, in a contest on the Wanganui River, and distanced his competitor by two half lengths.

AROUND THE CITY

LOCALS

A meeting of the Retail Clerks will be held tonight at 8 o'clock in the British hall, McDougall ave.

A meeting of the St. Paul's Football Club will be held tonight at 8:30 in St. Paul's church. All members and their families are requested to attend.

An adjourned meeting of the city council will be held in the council chamber. There will be no time to devote to clear off some pressing city matters that have been shelved because of the perplexing telephone question.

The present librarian has received a number of books from Dr. B. G. Emeral, M.L.P., for Watkinson, including the journals of the territorial legislatures of the Northwest Territories; a philosophy of history by Dr. Shad, and two copies of Maguire's "Pioneers."

A meeting of the Edmonton Natural History Association will be held in the basement of the First Presbyterian church. The program tonight is on "Fossils." A Mitchell of the Dominion Parks Department will address the meeting. Fossils illustrating the history of terrestrial views.

A piano concert has been arranged by the First Presbyterian Church. The weather has been fair and quite mild in Alberta, moderately cool at night and has been very cold with strong winds at times. The temperature at 10 a.m. is 18 degrees below zero being registered.

THE WEATHER.

The weather has been fair and quite cold in Alberta, moderately cool at night and has been very cold with strong winds at times. The temperature at 10 a.m. is 18 degrees below zero being registered.

FROZEN MUSICAL-FINE

Today—Tuesday, rising or falling. Saturday—Sunday, rising, with light snow fall or flurry. Alberta will be cold, with more snow fall, fair in the day, changeable. Temperature for 8:30 a.m. is 18 degrees below zero being registered.

The record of temperatures in the various centres yesterday was:

Max. Min.

Edmonton, fair, 18° 31°

Winnipeg, cloudy, 16° 36°

Prince Albert, cloudy, below, 36°

Regina, cloudy, 36°

Calgary, fair, below, 38°

Battleford, snow, 38°

Fort Macleod, cloudy, 38°

Fort Arthur, below, 38°

Winnipeg, B.C., 38°

Winnipeg, Fair, 38°

Winnipeg, B.C., 38°

ON THE MARKET.

The Market Square is still ploughed with large quantities of hay and green feed brought to the city by farmers and every day more is brought in. The weather is still following this. The prices remain at about the same level or during the past month have been slightly reduced.

One question that is confronting the city is the question that relates to the operation of the Market Square is whether auctioneers should be allowed to sell at the square. This question is being considered by the market committee and will be reported shortly.

THE WEATHER.

The weather has been fair and quite mild in Alberta, moderately cool at night and has been very cold with strong winds at times. The temperature at 10 a.m. is 18 degrees below zero being registered.

From Medicine-Fine and very cold today; Thursday rising or falling. Saturday—Sunday, rising with light snow fall or flurry. Alberta will be cold, with more snow fall, fair in the day, changeable. Temperature for 8:30 a.m. is 18 degrees below zero being registered.

The record of temperatures in the various centres yesterday was:

Max. Min.

Edmonton, fair, 31° 22°

Winnipeg, cloudy, 46° 36°

Prince Albert, cloudy, below, 36°

Regina, cloudy, 36°

Calgary, fair, below, 38°

Battleford, snow, 38°

Macleod, cloudy, 38°

Fort Arthur, below, 38°

Winnipeg, B.C., 38°

BUILDING PERMITS.

At the office of the Building Inspector, this morning a number of permits for residences were taken out.

Inspector McKinnon reports that building is already started on a number of houses in the city, and that the weather is favorable for starting more.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in the 10th street, west end.

Mr. W. C. Macleod, manager of the

Edmonton Building Association, has

been granted a permit for a

house in